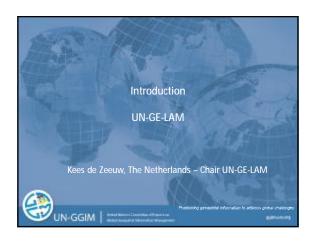
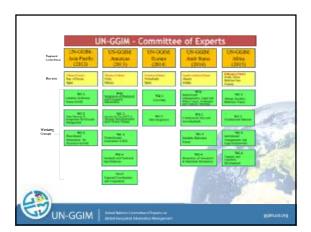
First Meeting	
UN-GGIM - GROUP OF EXPERTS	
ON LAND ADMINISTRATION AND MANAGEMENT	
UN-GE-LAM	
Kees de Zeeuw, The Netherlands – Chair UN-GE-LAM Mahashe Chaka, Lesotho – Co-Chair UN-GE-LAM Brent Jones, ESRI (USA) - Rapporteur	
Positioning grounded information to actions global challenges	
And the second s	
Agenda	
Opening     Introduction of participants	
Presentation UN-GE-LAM     Introduction	
Terms of Reference     Discussion and Action Plan	
• Contributions	
• Wrap-up (rapporteur)	
UN-GGIM   ***********************************	
Introduction to participants	
Lesotho     Singapore	
<ul><li>Egypt</li><li>Guyana</li><li>United Kingdom</li><li>Finland</li><li>Norway</li><li>Spain</li></ul>	
Mexico     Sri Lanka     Canada     GSDI	
DR Congo     Sweden     Burkina Faso     UN-ECE     UN-ECE	
Belgium     China	
UN-GGIM   Maria Reconstruction and Association	





"UN GGIM aims at playing a leading role in setting the agenda for the development of global geospatial information and to promote its use to address key global challenges. It provides a forum to liaise and coordinate among Member States, and between Member States and international organizations."

Expert Groups
1. United Nations Expert Group on the Integration of Statistical and Geospatial Information 2. The United Nations Expert Group on Land Administration and Management (UN-EG-LAM)

Working Groups
1. Global Geodetic Reference Frame
2. Development of a Statement of Shared Principles for the Management of Geospatial Info.
3. Global Map for Sustainable Development (GMKSD)
4. Trends in National Institutional Arrangements in Geospatial Information Management
5. Geospatial Information and Services for Disasters (WG-Disasters)

UN-GGIM

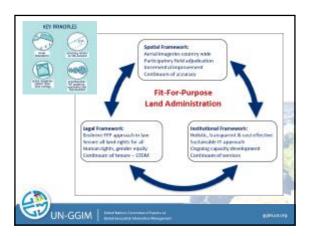
2

# **Objectives of UN-EG-LAM**

- Play a leading role at the policy level by raising political awareness and highlighting the importance to decision makers of the need for timely and fit for purpose land administration and management and;
- Encourage the use of geospatial information tools and systems to improve the legal certainty of all citizens in the world with respect to the registration of the relation between people and land.

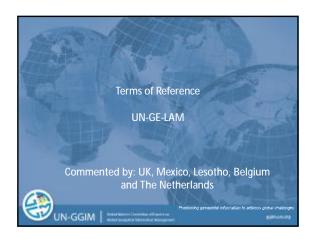








# Documents Documents 1. Report – Application of geospatial information related to land administration and management 2. Background document "The Application of geospatial information related to land administration and management Meetings." 3. World bank Land and Poverty conference paper: "UN-GGIM launches a Group of Experts on Land Administration and Management." To be written: Action Plan (June 2016)



### Rationale

- During the fifth Expert Meeting of UN-GGIM in 2015, the Committee of Experts endorsed the establishment of an Expert Group on Land Administration and Management (UN-EG-LAM).
- In order to achieve the Sustainable Development Goals and to have legal certainty for all citizens in the world, good geospatial information management and sound land administration are considered important prerequisites. It is believed that the momentum is right for the challenging but feasible ambition to have land rights for the world.
- This Expert Group fits within the global setting, global agenda and global initiatives, and can play an important role in facilitating the needed leadership. UN-GGIM can do this by coordinating the cooperation between the United Nations Member States, and to link to other global initiatives and organisations, including academia, NGO's and the private

UN-GGIM

### **Objectives UN-GE-LAM**

- Play a leading role at the policy level by raising political awareness and highlighting the importance to decision makers of the need for timely and fit for purpose land administration and management and;
- Encourage the use of geospatial information tools and systems to improve the legal certainty of all citizens in the world with respect to the registration of the relation between people and land.



### **Functions UN-GE-LAM**

- Provide a forum for coordination and dialogue among global experts from the land administration and geospatial communities with a view to advance the activities related to the administration and management, and strengthening the use of geospatial information for good land governance; Propose work plans, informed by broad global consultation, to address the main areas of focus identified by Member states while ensuring that there are no overlaps or duplication with other initiatives; Address governance, data management, institutional and technology adoption and sustainability issues related to the implementation and management of efficient land administration and management of strong land markets and; Undertake work that is able to contribute to the Sustainable Development Goals of the UN indicator process and other areas as

- Development Goals of the UN indicator process and other areas as appropriate including, access to land, property rights, ownership, land degradation, rapid urbanization, and climate change, in coordination with other expert entities.

UN-GGIM

### Focus (1)

- Support the convening of the fourth UN-GGIM High level Forum Increase advocacy and raise political awareness for policy makers of pertinent land governance and management issues;
- Undertake activities that foster collaboration within the land management/governance and geospatial communities within the United Nations, and at national and international levels, including identification and addressing common issues of land management and governance in support of sustainable development;
- Take the leadership role in solving land administration issues with the focus on education, training and awareness, in addition to developing institutional capacity to implement the appropriate methodologies;
- Demonstrate the 'fit for purpose' approach by defining methodologies for



### Focus (2)

- Document, share and promote a variety of experiences/case studies showing the application of geospatial information to land administration; Examine existing land management tools and models and encourage use and access to facilitate the sharing of knowledge and experiences in their application;
- Explore the use of crowd sourcing and neighbourhood mapping to assist in assessments and;
- Emphasize the use and importance of a national cadastral map and geodetic framework as key contributors to land administration and a national spatial data infrastructure which supports other sectors health, planning, infrastructure management, security and disaster management etc.



## Focus (3)

The Expert Group will bring to the attention of United Nations Committee of Experts on Global Geospatial Information Management and the United Nations Statistics Division, new developments relating to the application of geospatial and land information, as well as other developments coming from the Expert Group's programme of work.

The Expert Group will stimulate and facilitate the cooperation between governmental organizations, NGO's, private sector parties and scientific bodies in order to achieve its objectives.





# Action plan

- Define actions and time frame
- Required partnerships and organsation
- Monitoring and results
- First draft available for review, June 2016



# Wrap -up

By the Rapporteur Brent Jones - ESRI

